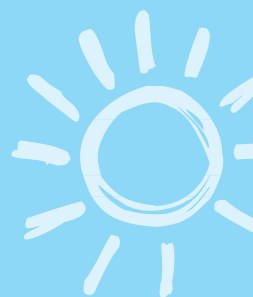
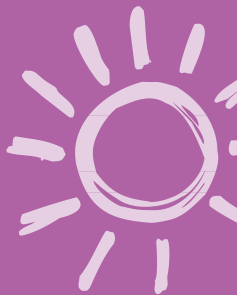




World Map



Nelson Mandela's Prison Cell



Robben Island Maximum Security Prison

Cold war cause and effect chart

Cause

Effect



Reagan starts arms race



Russia and US sign arms reduction treaties



Thatcher tells Reagan that Gorbachev can be worked with.



Reagan, Thatcher, and Gorbachev work to end Cold War



Reagan tells Gorbachev to tear down Berlin Wall



Berlin Wall is torn down a few years later

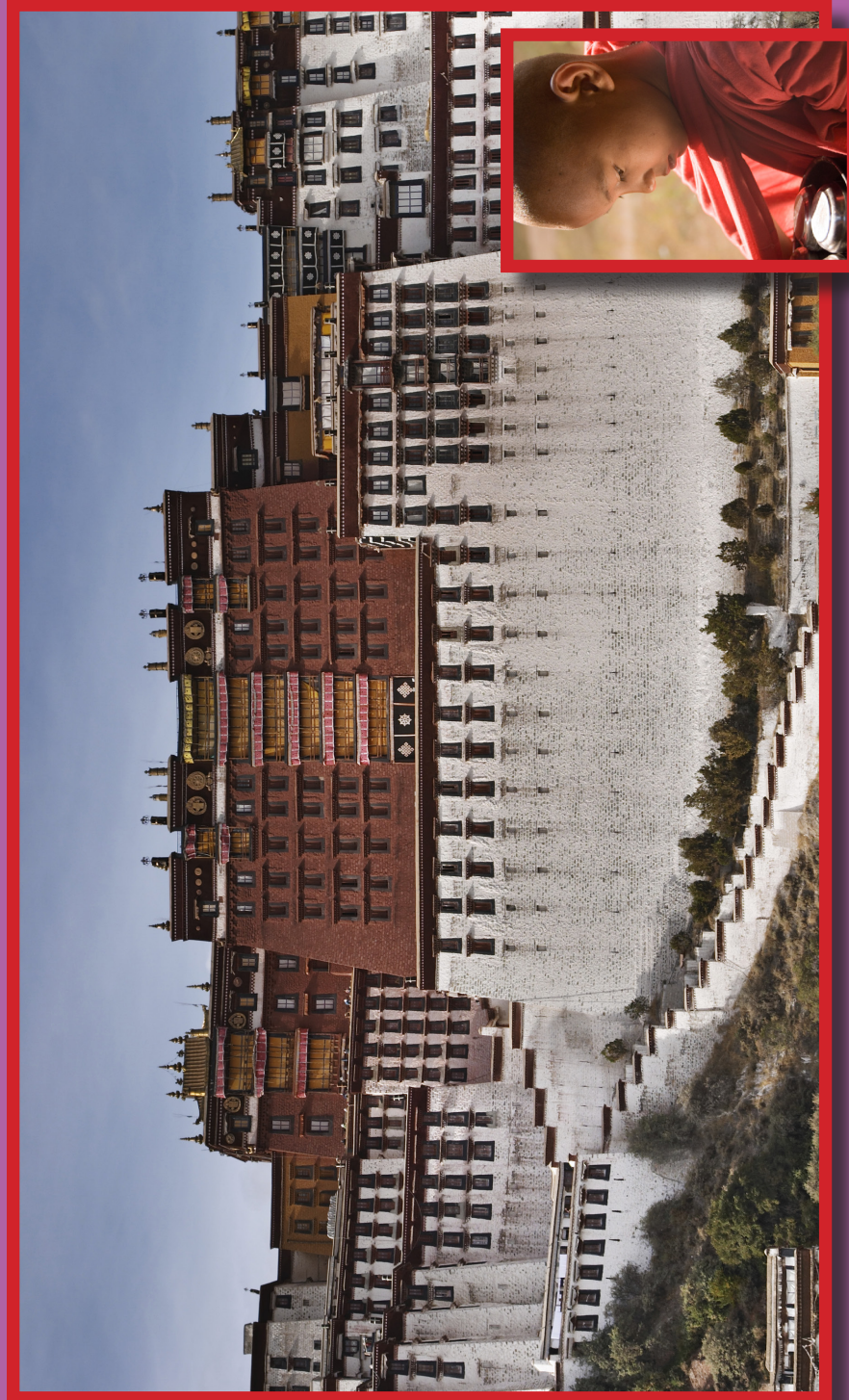
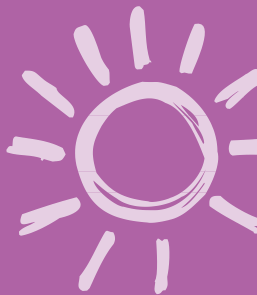
Map of Soviet Union & Russia





Potala Palace

(In Lhasa, Tibet Chief residence of the Dalai Lama)



Flags



Argentina



Mexico



China



Russia



Cuba



United Kingdom



India



United States of America

The Presidential System of Government



The head of government is elected by the people in a free election.

The head of government and legislature have separate powers.

The Presidential System of Government

The head of government serves a fixed term of office.

The head of government and the head of state are one person.

The Parliamentary System of Government



The head of government is selected by Parliament. Parliament is elected by the people in free elections.

The head of government serves as long as they receive support from the legislature.

The Parliamentary System of Government

The head of government and the legislature share powers.

The head of government and head of state are two different people.

How a U.S. Bill Becomes a Law



The Bill is Introduced in House

The Bill is Introduced in Senate



Referred to House Committee

Referred to Senate Committee

Referred to Subcommittee

Referred to Subcommittee

Reported by Full Committee

Reported by Full Committee

Rules Committee Action

FLOOR ACTION

FLOOR ACTION

FLOOR ACTION

House Debate
Vote on Passage

Senate Debate
Vote on Passage



House

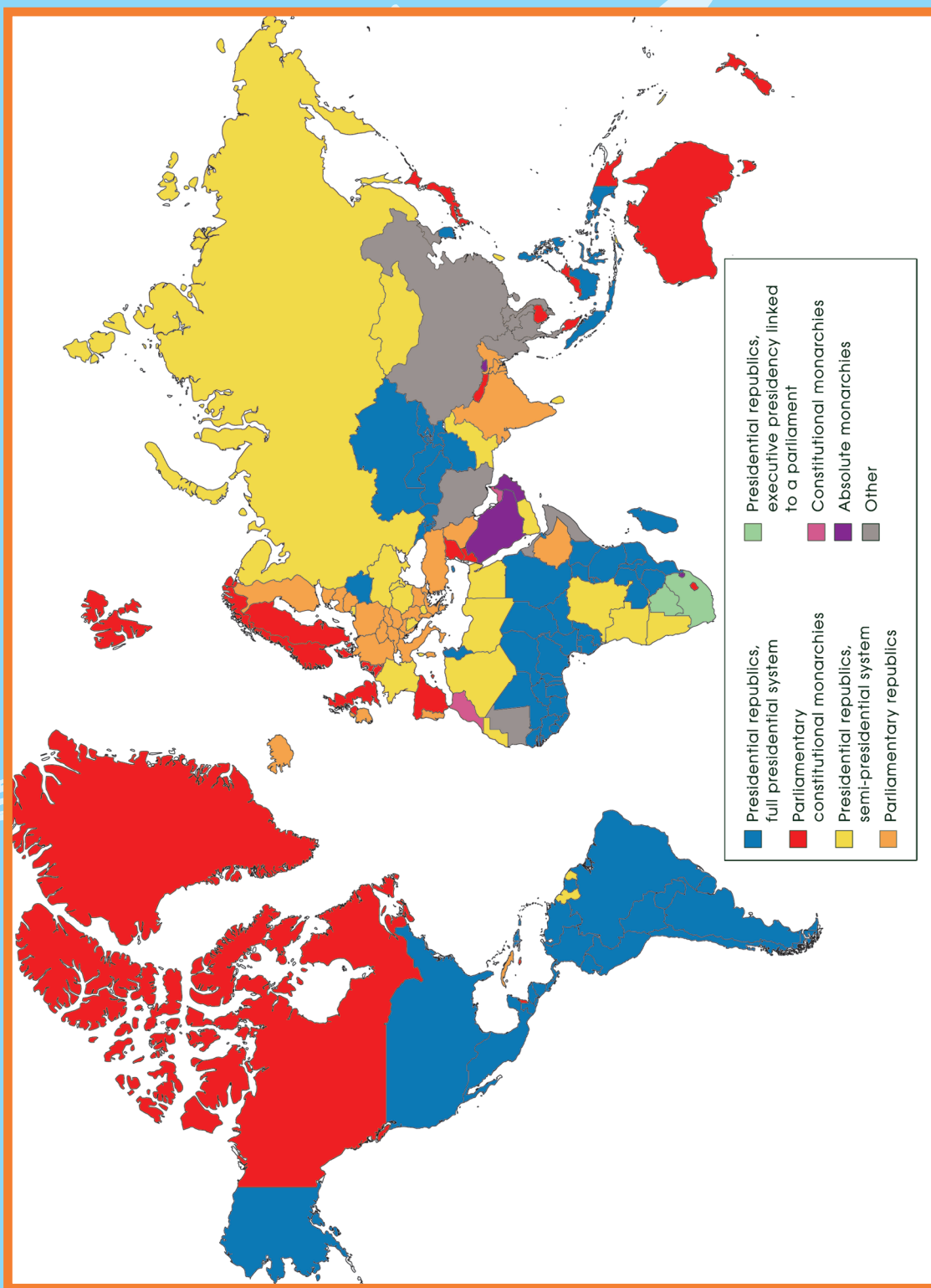
Conference Action

Senate

President
(Signs or Vetoes)

If The President Signs the Bill,
The Bill Becomes a Law

Presidential & Parliamentary Systems



U.S. Presidential Candidates

Candidate Requirements

1. The candidate must be at least 35 years old.
2. The candidate must be a natural born United States citizen.
3. The candidate must have lived in the United States for at least 14 years.

These requirements can be found in Article Two of the United States Constitution.

Also, the 22nd Amendment of the Constitution states that no President may serve for more than two four-year terms.

Steps in Selecting a US President

Candidate Announces that They will Run for Office.

Candidates Campaign in State Primaries.

States Hold Primary elections and conventions.

The National Party Convention Selects Nominees for President and Vice-President.

Voters in Each State Choose Their Presidential Electors in the November General Election.

Electoral College Casts Its Votes for President after the General Election.

The President and Vice-President are Inaugurated in Late January.



Polling Stations



USA



USA



Korea



Ethiopia



Iraq



South Africa



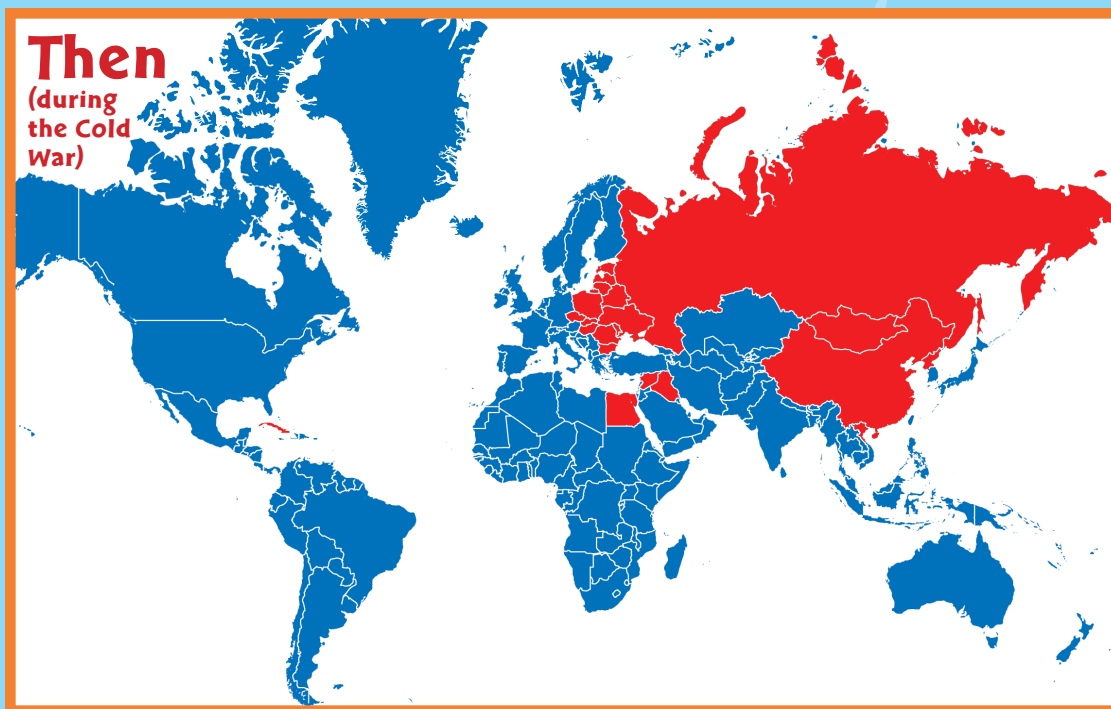
Afghanistan



India



Communist Countries Now and Then



Supply & Demand

The Sawyer Company sells buttons

Price of Buttons	Number of Buttons People Want to Buy	Number of Buttons Sellers Want to Sell
\$1.00	100	140
\$2.00	90	70
\$3.00	70	40
\$4.00	40	10

The **law of supply** states that quantity supplied is related to price.

The **law of demand** states that the higher the price of the product, the less the consumer will demand

Images of Communist Cuba



Vintage cars



Streets of Havana



Government Buildings



City of Havana

U.S. Trade Partners



	Canada - \$533,670,000		The United Kingdom - \$98,830,000
	China - \$343,000,000		South Korea - \$78,290,000
	Mexico- \$332,430,000		Taiwan - \$61,240,000
	Japan - \$207,740,000		France - \$61,370,000
	Germany - \$130,390,000		Singapore - \$42,460,000

The top ten countries the United States trades with. This is almost 2/3 of all trade conducted by the United States.

2007 statistics

Globalization

Benefits of Globalization

Global Partnerships

- Small businesses can get access to a bigger market.
- Big businesses can find cheaper materials and workers.

Cheaper Prices

- Many products can be made cheaper if businesses can hunt for the best prices.
- Consumers benefit from lower prices.

Interdependence

- Other countries have to work together because of partnerships.
- World leaders will have to find ways to work with other countries in order to protect businesses.

Drawbacks of Globalization

- Loss of jobs, especially in the United States

- The United States has a smaller share of the world market.

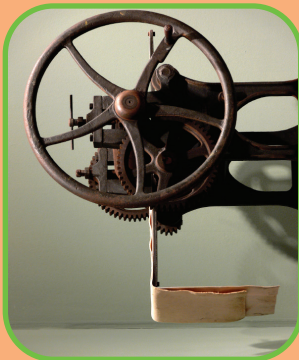
- Uncertainty about the future of Globalization.

Globalization: The increasing global connectivity, integration, and interdependence within the economic, social, technological, cultural, political, and ecological environments throughout the world.

Industrial Revolution Inventions



1814 - The steam locomotive is invented.



1810 - The printing press and the tin can are invented.



1809 - The electric light is invented.



1800 - The battery is invented.

1800'S



1884 - The fountain pen is invented.



1880 - Toilet paper is invented.



1858 - The washing machine was invented.



1830 - The first sewing machine is invented.