

Critical Thinking Skills

Reading Response Forms Grades 3-4

	Skills For Critical Thinking	Word Study	Compre- hension	Reading desponse	Writing Tasks	Graphic Organizers
LEVEL 1 Knowledge	 Understands Word Meanings And Text Identifies Parts Of Speech: Nouns, Verbs, Adjectives Recall Details Identify Story Sections: Beginning, Middle, End 	> > >>			55	5 5 5 5 5
LEVEL 2 Comprehension	 Character Study Sequence And Summarize Events Identify The Main Idea Describe Characters, Setting Interpret Ideas 			2 2 2 2	5 5 5	\$ \$
LEVEL 3 Application	 Select And State Information Identify The Outcome Apply New Learning Make Connections To Personal Experiences And To Real Life 		5	111	~ ~	~
LEVEL 4 Analysis	 Draw Concussions Find Proof In The Story Infer Character Monwation Identify Cause And Effect Make Inferences Using Personal Experiences 	5	5	<<<<	 <td>\$</td>	\$
LEVEL 5 Synthesis	 Make Predictions Give Personal Interpretation Of Story Create Imagine Alternatives To Story 			· · ·	<	
LEVEL 6 Evaluation	 Develop And Express An Opinion Make Judgments Ask Questions 			\$ \$\$	> > > >	v

Based on Bloom's Taxonomy





Teacher Guide

Our resource has been created for ease of use by both **TEACHERS** and **STUDENTS** alike.

Introduction

ur Reading Response Forms allow the young readers to share their thinking about the literature they have heard or read themselves. Reading response also gives readers the opportunity to demonstrate their understanding of



the materials. Responses can range from personal, which relates to present and past experiences and knowledge, to new learning. The variety of responses can be oral, written, dramatic, musical or visual.

How Is Our Resource Organized?

STUDENT HANDOUTS -READING RESPONSE FORMS

- Teachers can use response forms to extend your student's reading experience by offering a wide variety of activities. Early readers need to explore literature and recognize that stories are a beginning point for expanding their ideas and language.
- Teachers can use our forms to assess student understanding and connections to previous learning.
- The reader builds meaning from the text and applies any prior related knowledge.
- The reader explores conventions and ideas about written materials. Reading response provides a reason to closely examine and reread written materials.

• Students can complete activities on their own, freeing the teacher to work with small groups or conference individual readers.

🕒 Before You Teach

• Reading response provides for student choice and values individual opinions and experiences. They encourage connections between literature and real life.

Also provided are four Hands-On Activities, a word search and a crossword. The Assessment Rubric (page 4) is a useful tool for evaluating students' responses to many of the activities in our resource. The Comprehension Quiz (page 53) can be used for either a follow-up review or assessment at the completion of the unit.

PICTURE CUES

Our resource contains three main types of pages, each with a different purpose and use. A **Picture Cue** at the top of each page shows, at a glance, what the page is for.



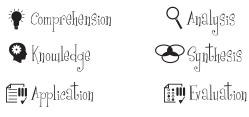
Teacher Guide

• Information and tools for the teacher

Student Handout

• Reproducible worksheets and activities

The Critical Thinking Skill **Picture Cues** are located at the bottom right of each work sheet.





My name: _____

Title of my book: _____

Author: ____



Describing Words

Words that name people, animals, places or things are called nouns. Words that describe nouns are called adjectives.

Look in your story for **nouns**. Find the **adjectives** that **describe** the **nouns**.

Complete the chart. Look at the example. Write the **nouns** that you found.

Then write the adjectives from the story that describe those nouns.

Adjectives	Nouns – people, animals, places, things	Adjectives	Nouns – people, animals, places, things
shaggy	dog	ghostly	sky









Title of my book:

Author:

Why Did It Happen?

A cause is the reason something happens.

An effect is the thing that happens.

Look in your story and find **3 important events** in your story.

Pick one from the **beginning** of the story; one from the **middle** of the story and one from the **end** of the story.

Write these events in the Effect column,

Then write the reason it happened in the Cause column.

Effect: the thing that happened	Cause: the reason this happened
1. beginning	1. beginning
2. middle	2. middle
3. end	3. end



Title of my book:

Author:



Making the Top 10 List

Pretend you are the author of your book. You have been asked to appear on a TV show to tell why your book should be on the Top Ten List of favorite books.

Prepare what you are going to say to convince the host that your book should be on the list.

1. Characters: Tell who your characters are and why they are exciting, interesting, etc.

2. Setting and Plot: Tell some details about the setting and give some hints about the plot. (Don't tell the whole story!)

3. Audience: Tell who you think will read and like your book. Tell why.

4. The future: Give a hint about a story (maybe a sequel) that you plan to write in the future.







My name: _____

Title of my book:

Author: _____

Time to Vote!

Your class is holding an election to decide on "Our Favorite Book".

Design an **election poster** for your book. It will need

- 1. the **title** of the book
- 2. a picture of the characters, the setting, or your avorite part.
- 3. a statement of why you think your book is the best.

Vote for		
Vote for	because	
	(45)	Evaluation 🔝

