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STUDENT HANDOUTS

•	Reading	Compre!	hension
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MINI POSTERS 55

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dictatorship

anarchy

NAME:

absolute monarchy

Kinds of Governments

1.	Complete each sentence with a term from the list.	Use a diction	nary to help you
	Tompicio cuon semenoe mini a ierm nom me nsi.	OJC G GIO	Pilary to their you

Į	constitutional monarchy representative democracy
a)	exists when a nation has no government at all.
b)	A(n) is a form of government with a ruler who inherits the position, rules for life, and holds all power.
c)	In a, the supreme power is held by all the people and is used by them directly.
d)	In a all power is held by one person who may use force.
e)	In a, voters choose their government representatives.
f)	In a, the power of the ruler or monarch is limited by law.

2. Write down each kind of government in the correct box. Use the word list from Question 1 above.

a) Total rule by one
person, usually a king
or queen

b) All citizens take part in suggesting and making laws

c) Voters choose representatives to act in their interests

direct democracy

d) Exists when a leader
rules with absolute
power, usually by force

e) Exists when a nation has no person or group in charge, and people can do anything they wish

f) Government lead by a monarch whose power is limited by law





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After You Read

NAME: _

Kinds of Governments

True b) In an absolut	inarchy would be a safe place to False	
-		
	monarchy the people do not ha	ave a chance to help make
the laws.		
True	False	
c) The United St	ates is an example of a representa	ative democracy
True	False	
d) People in a d	ictatorship get to choose how the	ey want to live.
True	False	
e) In a direct de	mocracy everyone gets to help m	nake the laws.
True	False	
	onal monarchy the ruler has all the	nower to make the laws
True	False	power to make the laws.

2. Use the terms in the list to complete the sentences.

direct democracy dictatorship absolute monarchy anarchy representative democracy constitutional monarchy

Governments can be a	as different as the people they serve. In some groups, every
person has a direct voice in	all of the decisions. This type of government is called a
d	. Some groups chose to have a king or queen, but also chose
to have a voice in their gove	rnment. This type of government is called a
е	. A government which has spokespeople to tell the wishes of
the people is called a <u>f</u>	

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NAME: _

Reading Passage



Kinds of Governments

hen we study the countries of the world we find that each one has some kind of government. The government of a country is the person or group of people who makes the rules or laws for everyone else. Governments can be set up in many different ways.

Governments set limits for the people. The first job of a government is to protect the people's rights. If there were no government, people could say and do anything they wished. This would be called **anarchy**.

The laws of a government tell how much power the ruler or leader has. These laws should also insure that all the people are treated in a fair and respectful manner.



What do you think? In an anarchy, people can do or say anything they wish to another person. Do you think this would be a good situation? Why or why not?

There are about 200 different countries in the world. Not all of them have the same type of government. Here are some of the main kinds of governments:

GOVERNMENT	HOW IT WORKS
Absolute	- Total rule by one person who makes all the laws for all the people
monarchy	- Usually, the ruler is called a king or queen
	- Only a few nations in the world have absolute monarchies
Constitutional monarchy	- A form of government where the power of the ruler or monarch is limited by law - The government is usually made up of representatives elected by the people - There are many constitutional monarchies today
Dictatorship	- A country whose leader rules with absolute power, usually by force Some dict otorships still exist today
Direct democracy	- A system of government in which all the citizens take part in suggesting and making the laws The proceed is a good example of a direct democracy
Representative democracy	system of government in which voters choose representatives to act in their interests - The United States is an example of a modern representative democracy
Anarchy	- Exists when there is no government present in a country - The people can do or say anything they wish to anyone

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NAME:





Kinds of Governments

	Describe anarchy.
•	
	Which do you think would be a better kind of government, an absolute monarch or a constitutional monarchy ? Explain your decision.
	If you were designing a government, how important do you think the rights of each person should be?
5.	Write a brief description of a representative democracy .

~~~		
Recome (	a Research Detective!	
		help you find the following:
a) Name	one country whose governr	nment is a <b>representative democracy</b> .
		·
<b>b)</b> List the	name of one country that i	is a constitutional monarchy.
	_	
A fow	countries are still distatorship	<b>ips</b> . Find the name of one of them.
C) A lew o	courmes are sim <b>arcialorsm</b>	i <b>ps</b> . Find the name of one of mem.



Here are six writing tasks about the government of the United States. Be sure to think about all that you have learned about the United States government as you write. Write your answers in complete sentences in your notebook

 $\log k$  #1 Every country on earth has some kind of government even though all governments are not alike. Organize your thoughts and knowledge about government and discuss the purpose(s) of government. In the United States' system of government, who or what are most important?

 $990 \pm 2$  The Constitution of the United States has a very important purpose for its government. What is that purpose? What is the Constitution sometimes called?

1991/ #3 The Declaration of Independence states that all citizens have certain rights. What are three of these rights? What document gives the citizens these and other rights?

Rights always come along with responsibilities. Think about the rights you discussed in Writing Task 3 as well as others. Discuss at least one of the responsibilities that comes along with them.

have problems which must be solved. Some of these problems are so serious that they are present in most countries (for example, poverty). If you were pr esident of the United States, which three problems would you try to solve? What would you do to solve them?

he powers of all three branches of the U.S. government are equal. What ument limits the powers of each branch? What is this limiting of powers alled? Do you think that these limitations are good or bad? Tell why.

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## Comprehension Quiz

Part A

Circle) the word True if the statement is true. Circle) the word False if it's false. If it is false, rewrite the statement to make it correct.

1. A government is the person or group who makes the rules for all the other citizens in a country.

True False

2. Governments are not necessary in all countries.

True False

3. Most governments in the Western Hemisphere are mo

4. The Declaration of Independence was written after the Revolutionary War in order to set up a government for the new country

he United States.

True

False 5. Many men helped write the Constitution

True

6. The Supreme Law of the United St sighe Declaration of Independence.

7. In a country with popular sovereignty the citizens hold the highest power in the government. True False

8. The only way to change the Constitution of the United States is by the vote of the Supreme Court. True

9. The Supreme Court is the only branch of government in which the people cannot directly vote for its members.

True False

10. The executive branch of government includes the vice-president and his staff.

True

**SUBTOTAL:** 

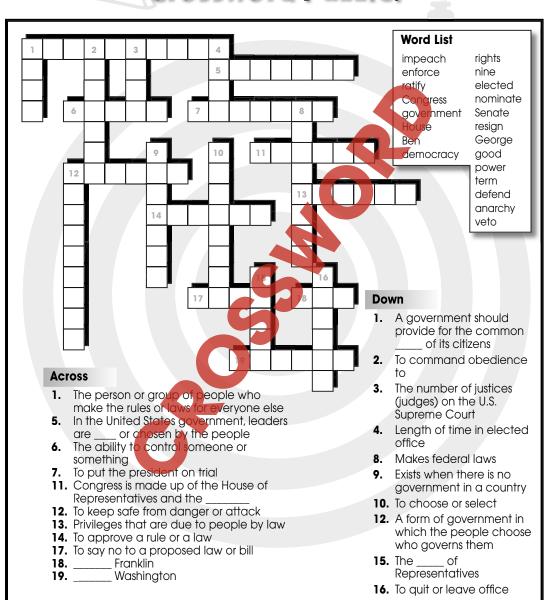
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After You Read

NAME:

#### **Crossword Puzzle!**

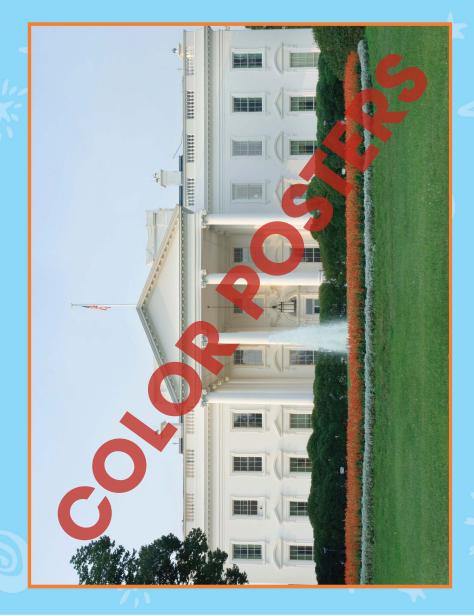


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#### The White House (Washington D.C.) • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •







] ]

anarchy

NAME: _____

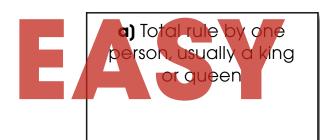
# Kinds of Governments

<b>1</b> .	Complete ed	ach sentence	with a term	from the list.	Use a dictionary	y to help you.
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	constitutional monarchy representative democracy
a)	exists when a nation has no government at all.
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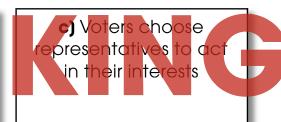
absolute monarchy

Write down each kind of government in the correct box. Use the word list from Question 1 above.



dictatorship





direct democracy

- d) Exists when a leader rules with absolute power, usually by force
- e) Exists when a nation has no person or group in charge, and people can do anything they wish
- f) Government lead by a monarch whose power is limited by law





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- a) Anarchy
- **b)** absolute monarchy
- c) direct democracy
- **d)** dictatorship
- e) representative democracy
- f) constitutional monarchy



- a) absolute monarchy
- **b)** direct democracy
- presen' nocr
- **d)** dictatorship
- e) anarchy
- f) constitutional monarchy



Accept any reasonable answer

(11)

- a) False
- **b)** True
  - c) True
  - **d)** False
- e) True
  - f) False

- **b)** dictatorship
- c) absolute monarchy
- d) direct democracy e) constitutional
- monarchy f) representative democracy
  - 12

The absence of any kind of government

Accept any reasonable answer

5.

Very important

6.

Citizens choose representatives to communicate their wishes to government



United States

- **b)** Belgium, Cambodia, Denmark, Norway or the United Kingdom
- c) Cuba, Libya or Pakistan

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- **b)** Founding
- c) popular sovereignty
- d) amendment
- e) Constitution
- f) representative
- g) liberty
- h) supreme law
- i) democracy
- **j)** ratify

**a)** Founding Fathers

Three of: Thomas Jefferson, James Madison, Benjamin Franklin, George Washington; the : they played

in starting the : United States