

# Writing a Paragraph Memory Match Game

**Drafting**

**Proofreading**

**Prewriting**

**What Is a Paragraph?**

**Revising**

**Forms and Purposes**



## Instructions

Close X

**Six matching pairs of tips to writing a paragraph and their definitions are hidden in the card game.**

- Touch the card to reveal a different tip to writing a paragraph or definition, then find its matching tip or definition.
- The hidden pairs are described in the word list.
- Use the Reset button to start with all the cards hidden.
- Use the Mix button to shuffle the cards around.



Mix

Reset



# Writing a Paragraph Memory Match Game

Drafting

Proofreading

Prewriting

What Is a Paragraph?

Revising

Forms and Purposes

**Drafting**

Frogs

Many young animals start the looking like their parents. Some do not. Frogs don't look anything like their parents when they are small.

In each stage of growth, they grow to be like their parents.

Frogs begin to look more and more like their parents as they grow.

Frogs don't look anything like their parents when they are small.

A topic sentence, supporting sentences, and a closing sentence



Topic Sentences

Supporting Sentences

Closing Sentences

What Is a Paragraph?

Brainstorming from general to specific

**Proofreading**

Sea Mammals

Whales come in many sizes. They all have specially skin, blubber, and fat to keep them warm.

They breathe the water.

They have lungs that pump air into the water. They have ears on either side of the water. They have a large brain and large eyes.



Putting ideas on paper as sentences



**Prewriting**

SPACE

↓

THE MILKY WAY

↓

EARTH

↓

NORTH AMERICA



Checking for spelling errors



# Writing a Paragraph Memory Match Game

Drafting

Proofreading

Prewriting

What Is a Paragraph?

Revising

Forms and Purposes

**Drafting**

animals look like their parents

Frogs

Many young animals start by looking like their parents. Some do not. Frogs don't look anything like their parents when they are small.

frogs don't look anything like their parents when they are small

frogs begin to look more like their parents as they grow

In each stage of growth, they grow to be like their parents.

A topic sentence, supporting sentences, and a closing sentence

Narrative, Persuasive and Informative Paragraphs

Topic Sentence

Supporting Sentences

Closing Sentence

What Is a Paragraph?

Brainstorming from general to specific

**Sea Mammals**

Whales come in many sizes. They all have smooth skin, blowholes, and fat called blubber. They breathe the water (they breathe air) and nurse their young in the water. They have ears on either side of the head. They have small eyes and large brains.

You often write in the same style throughout the story. You write with certain details. You use certain words.

You have story on the surface of the story through paragraphs. You use certain words.

You use a variety of sentence lengths, punctuation and details. You include personal experiences, facts and facts.

You often include certain details, words, phrases, and spelling that make the writer's voice.

Putting ideas on paper as sentences

**Forms and Purposes**

Persuasive

When you write a persuasive paragraph, you are trying to convince someone to do something or believe something. You are trying to persuade them.

Narrative Paragraph

The purpose for writing a narrative paragraph is usually to tell about something the writer did. When you write a narrative paragraph, you are telling a story.

Informative

An informative paragraph is about what is persuasive. You are trying to inform them.

**SPACE**

↓

**THE MILKY WAY**

↓

**EARTH**

↓

**NORTH AMERICA**

Prewriting

Review ideas, organization, style and conventions

Checking for spelling errors