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STUDENT HANDOUTS

• Reading Comprehension

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	5. Methods of Warfare
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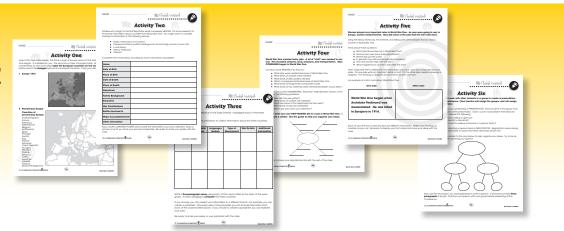
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armis	stice	being accountable for something	
trec	aty	reduced to ruin	
respor	nsible	a group of people who come together for a reason	
colla	psed	a pause in fighting that both sides agree to	
organiz	zation	to help grow or develop	
inten	ntion	a formal agreement	
prom	note	broken down completely	
devas	tated	an intended goal	
o you agree	e or disagree?	war, only losers." What do you think this quote med Why? er, the wounds still exist." What do you think this quote med when the control of t	

NAME: After You Read

Outcomes

- 1. The following are multiple choice questions. Circle the correct letter.
 - a) The fighting stopped in World War One:
 - In Germany Α
 - On Memorial Day
 - On November 11, 1918
 - After the Treaty was signed
 - b) Where was the official peace treaty signed?
 - In the United States
 - At the Paris Peace Conference
 - At the United Nations
 - At the League of Nations in Geneva
 - c) The Treaty of Versailles stated that Germany had to:
 - A Give up some land to other countries
 - Give up its large military and only have a
 - Give up all its colonies in Africa C
 - D All of the above
 - E None of the above
 - d) The purpose of the League of Nations was to:
 - Gather all countries of the world together
 - Create new law
 - Start the United Nations
 - Promote peace so that war would not happen again
 - e) One outcome of the war was that:
 - e United States became very powerful

2. What is the difference between an armistice and a treaty?

- orders did not change
- Governments remained the same
- All of the above
- ne of the above

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World War I CCP5501-6



Reading Passage

NAME:

Outcomes

World War One fighting stopped in November 1918 after an armistice was s France. The fighting ended on the eleventh hour of the eleventh day of the in 1918. Six months later, an official peace **treaty** was signed. It was called the Treaty of Versailles. The treaty was signed at the Paris Peace Conference.

The Treaty of Versailles had many details in it. One important part in the treaty stated that Germany was responsible for starting the war. Germany also had to pay a lot of money to different countries. Germany signed the Treaty, but many people in Germany were upset. They did not want to be blamed for the war.

Major Outcomes of the Treaty of Versailles

- Germany gave some of its land to surrounding countri
- Germany gave up all of its colonies in Africa
- Germany was only allowed to have a sr

Many soldiers fought in World War One because they believed it was the right thing to do. Can you think of a cause that you would be willing to fight for? What are some causes that you feel strongly about?



In 1920, the Allies created an organization called the League of Nations. Its headquarters were in Geneva, Switzerland. The purpose of the group was to **promote** peace. The idea first came from President Woodrow Wilson in 1918. Many countries joined the League but the United States did not. The League had many good **intentions** but it accomplished very little. By 1946 the League of Nations no longer existed. The United Nations, now headquartered in New York City, is largely seen as the "new" League of Nations.

World War One had considerable casualties. Close to 10 million people died and over 20 million people were injured. Several countries in Europe **collapsed** because of the cost of war. Governments changed as did some of the borders.

were **devastated** after the war. Land was ripped apart and buildings were Many countrie destroyed. A lot of money had been spent on the military and many countries were poor. The United States assisted the Allies in the war and helped create the League of Nations. As a result, the United States became a strong world power. The United States became one of the most wealthy and powerful countries in the world.

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After you Read

NAME:

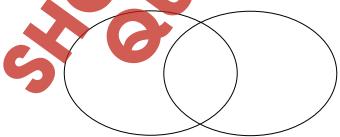
Outcomes

•3. Circle T if the statement is TRUE or T if it is FALSE. Go back to the reading passage to check your answers.

- a) The Treaty of Versailles said that Germany was r sponsible for World War One.
- b) The Treaty of Versailles was signed in 1918
- c) An armistice and a treaty are the same thing.
- d) Many people in Germany were upset that the war was blamed on
- e) Both sides had many people killed in World War One.
- f) The Allies created the League of Nations.
- g) The United States belonged to the League of Nations.

Research & Application

4. The League of Nations was created to promote peace. The organization was replaced with the **United Nations** in 1946. Conduct some research to find out what was **similar** and what was **different** between the two organizations. Use a Venn Diagram like the one below to show what you found out.



5. World War One was called "The War to End All Wars". Of course, many wars have taken place since then. Create a poster to try and promote peace. Try to include a catchy slogan or saying.





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Crossword Puzzle!

Across 1. A ditch dug in the ground to protect soldiers at war 5. Someone chosen by a **8.** A pause in fighting that both sides agree to **9.** The murder of a person 11.To help grow or develop 13.Strain between people or groups of people **14.**Not taking any side in an argument or dispute 15.A fleet of ships **16.**A formal agreement Down 2. The way people live 3. Land and people controlled by anoth country **4.** Talks that are hoped to end in an agreement 6. People who are same side and help each allies elected submarines 7. Boats that can be used armistice empire tension underwater artillery navy treaty negotiations assassination trench 10. The name given to large culture neutral weapons or guns

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are organized

12. The way money and jobs



economy

promote

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After You Read 🥏

NAME:

Word Search

Find all of the words in the Word Search. Words are written horizontally, vertically, diagonally, and some are even written backwards.

Α	В	С	С	D	S	Р	Е	F	G	Н	- 1	Υ	K 4	C	М	-1	Ν
0	Р	Е	0	Q	Ν	R	Υ	Е	R	С	V	S	0	T	N	N	U
W	Х	L	L	Р	0	0	Т	Υ	N	Α	U	Ν	Z	Í	0	L	Α
В	С	Е	L	ı	1	Р	Α	D	N	1	F	L	-É		Е	F	G
D	0	С	Α	Н	Т	Α	Е	Ν	М	L	R	N	Т	L	K	J	- 1
Е	Р	T	Р	S	Α	O	R	Ø	1	R	Ţ	A		U	S	T	U
N	D	Е	S	R	1	Α	T	O	С		Z	A	М	Α	R	В	Α
0	Е	D	Е	1	T	Ν	T	- 1	0	_	R	5	K	В	М	Е	N
D	F	G	D	Α	0	D	Н	Z	N	A	Ţ	S	R	Q	U	Р	0
N	Α	C	F	C	G	Α	S	Α	Р	В	Ç	F	U	Н	1	S	J
Α	K	R	L	М	Е	Ν	G	Α	R	A		L	L	Е	R	Υ	0
В	D	V	М	В	Ν	R	Е	S	Р	0	N	S	I	В	L	Е	В
Α	С	В	D	-1	0	Υ	Ν	X	Y	S	D	0	Н	T	Е	М	J
F	L	М	С	Ν	S	Е	T	_	M	S	Ν	Α	R	T	0	Р	Q
U	Х	L	Υ	Α	U	T	A	С	В	Ν	0	Р	0	R	S	T	U
T	S	D	- 1	T	S	G	1	H	М	L	N	М	Е	D	С	В	Α
- 1	G	Н	R	Е	R	٥	W	C	0	L	0	Ν	Υ	K	L	М	Ν
L	G	Α	Н	- 1	S	4	Α	K	Е	R	L	М	Ν	Q	S	Т	V
Е	L	F	U	K	Н	F	C	L	Р	Н	С	Ν	Е	R	T	В	С
Е	F	G	K	F	D	E	T	Α	T	S	Α	V	Е	D	Α	В	D
U	С	Е	С	0	N	0	М	Υ	Α	- 1	R	Α	D	С	В	W	Х
Α	Х	D	F	V	2	М	Р	0	Е	W	Е	V	Χ	В	Υ	0	Υ
W	Q	Х	V	S.	G	Н	1	J	К	L	М	S	Ν	0	Р	Q	R

culture organization
elected promote
neutral artillery
negotiations treaty
trench intentions

airship

armistice

navy
colony
casualties
allies
futile
collapsed

propaganda

conflict
devastated
transmit
abandoned
methods
responsible
parallel

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submarin

economy



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After You Read 🌪

NAME:

Comprehension Quiz

Answer the questions in complete sentences.

3. What is the difference between **nationalism**, **imperialism** and **militarism**?



4. Choose **one** of the battles discussed in this unit (Battle of Jannenberg, Battle of Verdun or Battle of the Somme). Describe what happened in that battle.



Describe what it means to be **neutral**



6. In the First World War, many different methods were used in fighting. Many different weapons were also used. Choose **two** methods or weapons of war. Explain how each was used in World War One.



7. Explain what the **League of Nations** was supposed to do.



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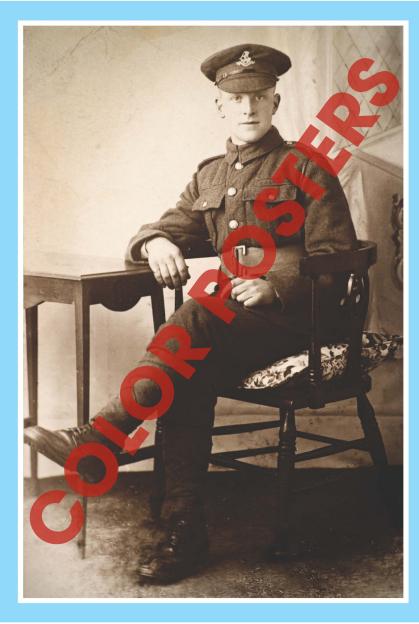
SUBTOTAL:





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British WW I Soldier







NAME: _

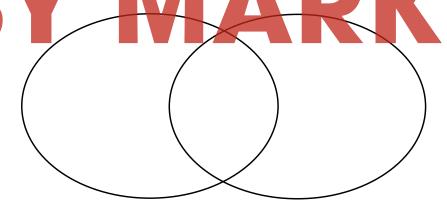
Outcomes



- a) The Treaty of Versailles said that Germany was responsible for World War One.
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Accept any verifiable answers ED E

5. Answers will vary



