



## TEACHER GUIDE

- Assessment Rubric ..... 4
- How Is Our Resource Organized? ..... 5
- Bloom’s Taxonomy for Reading Comprehension ..... 6
- Vocabulary ..... 6



## STUDENT HANDOUTS

- Reading Comprehension

1. Location and Geography .....	
2. Background and Causes .....	
3. Major Figures .....	
4. Major Battles .....	
5. Weapons of the War .....	
6. The Air War .....	
7. Consequences and Aftermath of the War .....	7
8. Remembering the War .....	

- Hands-on Activities ..... 11
- Crossword ..... 15
- Word Search ..... 16
- Comprehension Quiz ..... 17



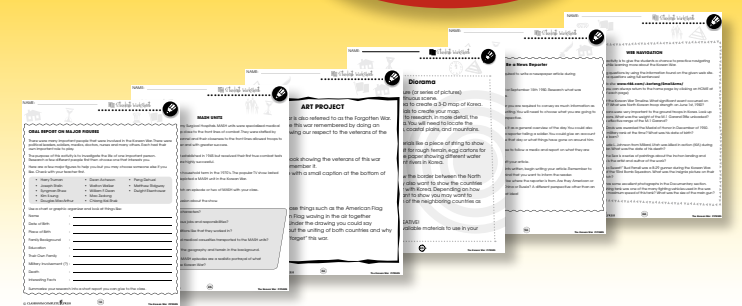
## EASY MARKING™ ANSWER KEY ..... 19

## MINI POSTERS ..... 21

✓ **6 BONUS Activity Pages!** Additional worksheets for your students

- Go to our website: [www.classroomcompletepress.com/bonus](http://www.classroomcompletepress.com/bonus)
- Enter item CC5505
- Enter pass code CC5505D

**FREE!**





## Consequences and Aftermath of the War

1. Can you think of some of the consequences of war?

---



---



---

2. Were nuclear weapons developed during the Korean War?

---



---



---

3. Do some research on atomic bombs. Can you explain why nuclear weapons are so powerful?

---



---



---

4. During the Cold War there was always the underlying threat of a nuclear attack. On your classroom computer, see if you can find any images of Hiroshima and Nagasaki. Do you think that the Communist forces feared a nuclear attack?

---



---



---



## Consequences and Aftermath of the War

**T**he Korean War was the first major conflict during the Cold War period. Although no nuclear weapons were used, the use of nuclear weapons was hinted at by the Truman government and the threat hung in the air. In all of their dealings during the Korean War neither the United States nor the Soviet Union wanted to enter into an all-out-war with the other. The Korean War set the stage for future Cold War conflicts in which the superpowers would fight it out through other countries without waging a direct war against each other.

There was a great deal of human suffering during the Korean War. Civilians paid a heavy price. It is believed that around one million South Koreans and as many as two million North Koreans died, disappeared, or were injured during the war, and millions more became refugees displaced by



## Consequences and Aftermath of the War

1. Choose the answer to each question that is most correct.

a) **The Korean War took place during the:**

- A Cold War.
- B World War II.
- C Vietnam War.
- D Iraq War.

b) **How many South Koreans died?**

- A Two Million
- B One Million
- C Three Million
- D One Hundred Thousand

c) **How many North Koreans died?**

- A Two Million
- B One Million
- C Three Million
- D One Hundred Thousand

d) **North Korea controlled most of the Peninsula:**

- A at the end of the war.
- B during the war.
- C at the beginning of the war.
- D None of the above.

2. Fill in the blanks below with the scrambled words.

There was a great deal of \_\_\_\_\_ suffering during the Korean War. Many Koreans from the North and South died, \_\_\_\_\_ or were injured during the war. Millions became \_\_\_\_\_ put out of their homes by the fighting. Many \_\_\_\_\_ on both sides were jailed or executed because of their political beliefs. They were often \_\_\_\_\_ in mass graves. U.N prisoners of war were badly \_\_\_\_\_. They were often badly beaten, forced to do hard labor, \_\_\_\_\_ and even executed. Korea as a whole was \_\_\_\_\_ by the war.



General Douglas MacArthur was one of the most famous American Military figures of the 20th century. Use various resources like your class computer, the library, and books to research General Douglas MacArthur.

Using the information that you have found write a short autobiography about MacArthur.

Think about things like:

- Where was he born?
- When was he born?
- Where was he trained?
- Where was he educated?
- What Wars did he fight in?
- What were his great accomplishments?
- What was his legacy?
- Why was he so popular with Americans?

---



---



---



---



---



---





# Crossword Puzzle!



**Across**

- Small country bordering on China and Russia
- Attack of an army for conquest
- In the Cold War both sides feared a \_\_\_\_\_ war
- This aircraft was first used in the Korean War
- Type of bomb dropped on Hiroshima and Nagasaki
- First president of South Korea
- North Korea, the Soviet Union and China had this type of government



**Down**

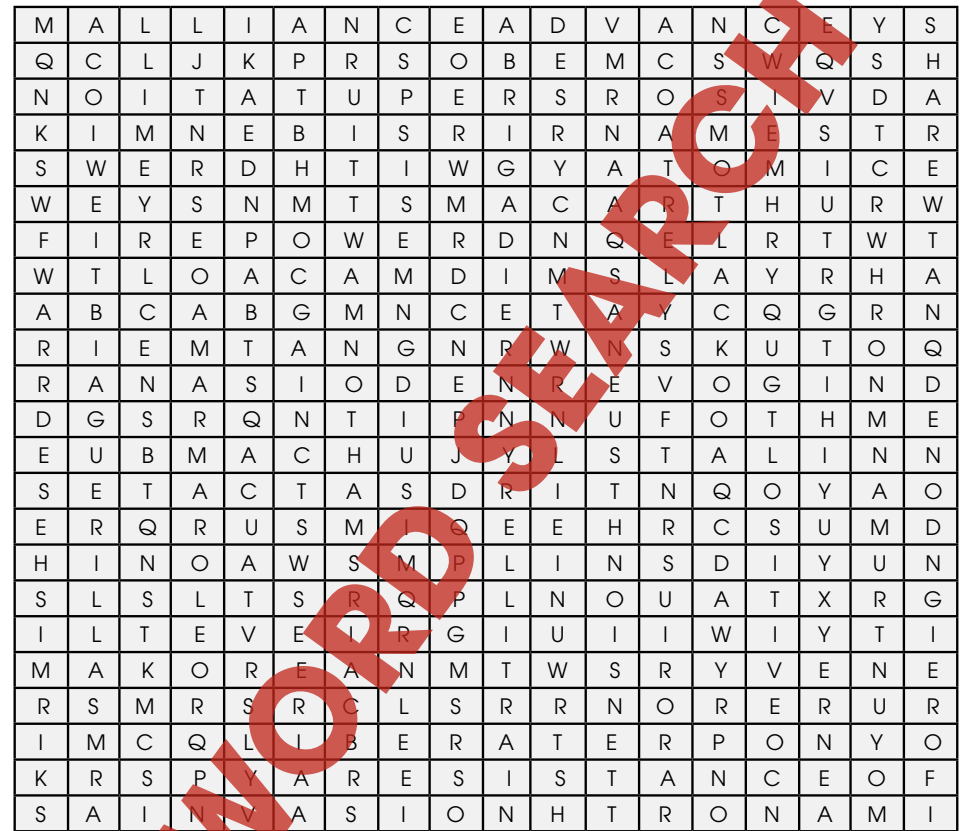
- the 38th parallel is this type of line
- Secretary General of the Soviet Union
- people who lost their homes due to the war
- Communist country that supplied arms to North Korea
- U.S. President at the start of the Korean War
- A piece of land nearly surrounded by water
- U.S. General - Commander of UN forces
- A type of Soviet propeller plane used by the North Korean Air Force
- These mobile weapons gave North Korea a big advantage at the start of the war

Atomic	MacArthur	Syngman Rhee
Communist	Nuclear	Tanks
Helicopter	Peninsula	Truman
Invasion	Refugees	Yakovlev
Korea	Soviet Union	
Latitude	Stalin	



# Word Puzzle

Find all of the words in the Word Search. Words are written horizontally, vertically, diagonally, and some are even written backwards.



**Word List**

Advance	Artillery	Fought	Latitude	Reputation	Stalin
Advisors	Atomic	Governed	Liberate	Resistance	Tension
Air	Brigadier	Guerillas	MacArthur	Rhee	Truman
Alliance	Firepower	Invasion	Nation	Skirmishes	War
Arms	Foreign	Korea	North	South	Withdrew



# Comprehension Quiz



**Part A**

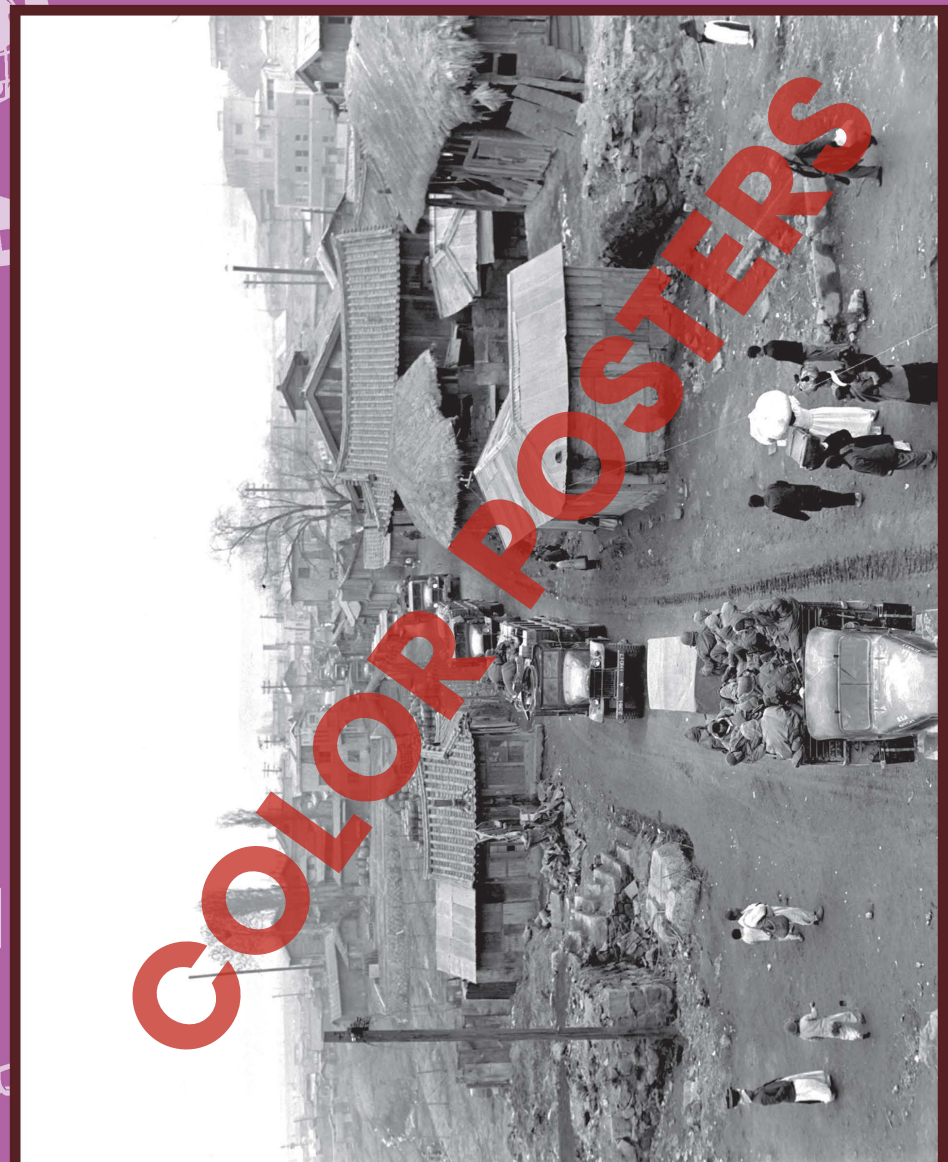
- When did the Korean War start?
  - June 25, 1948
  - June 25, 1941
  - June 25, 1950
  - June 25, 1949
- North Korea is mostly made up of:
  - Mountains
  - Plains
  - Lowlands
  - None of the above
- DMZ stands for:
  - Decomposed Military Zone
  - Demilitarized Zone
  - Decommissioned Monetary Zone
  - None of the above
- The Han River flows through:
  - Nakdong
  - Pusan
  - Chalsin
  - Seoul
- Who was the US President when the Korean War started?
  - Truman
  - Eisenhower
  - Stalin
  - George W. Bush
- Kim Il-sung was:
  - Leader of North Korea
  - Secretary General
  - A Captain in the Soviet Red Army
  - All of the above
- South Korean military and police forces executed people for being:
  - Democratic
  - Communist
  - Korean
  - American
- In the United States the Korean War is often referred to as:
  - A police action
  - The Korean Conflict
  - The Senseless War
  - a and b
- The Korean War Memorial in Washington, DC was dedicated by:
  - Clinton
  - Bush
  - Truman
  - Eisenhower
- How many United Nations countries were involved in the war?
  - 25
  - 24
  - 20
  - 22

20



SUBTOTAL: /10

# Seoul, Korea 1951



A convoy of withdrawing UN troops waiting to cross the Han River Bridge

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

After You Read 

# Comprehension Quiz

## Part A

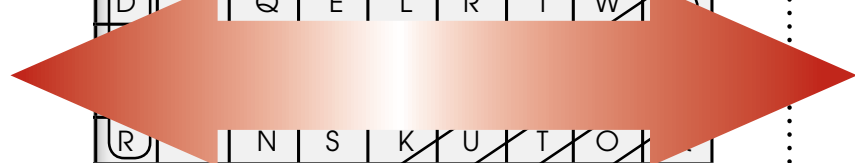
- When did the Korean War start?
  - June 25, 1948
  - June 25, 1941
  - June 25, 1950
  - June 25, 1949
- North Korea is mostly made up of:
  - Mountains
  - Plains
  - Lowlands
  - None of the above
- DMZ stands for:
  - Decomposed Military Zone
  - Demilitarized Zone
  - Decommissioned Monetary Zone
  - None of the above
- The Han River flows through:
  - Nakdong
  - Pusan
  - Choisin
  - Seoul
- Who was the US President when the Korean War started?
  - Truman
  - Eisenhower
  - Stalin
  - George W. Bush
- Kim Il-sung was:
  - Leader of North Korea
  - Secretary General
  - A Captain in the Soviet Red Army
  - All of the above
- South Korean military and police forces executed people for being:
  - Democratic
  - Communist
  - Korean
  - American
- In the United States the Korean War is often referred to as:
  - A police action
  - The Korean Conflict
  - The Senseless War
  - a and b
- The Korean War Memorial in Washington, DC was dedicated by:
  - Clinton
  - Bush
  - Truman
  - Eisenhower
- How many United Nations countries were involved in the war?
  - 25
  - 24
  - 20
  - 22



SUBTOTAL: /10

## Multiple Answers

(A)	D	V	A	N	C	E	Y	S
(B)	E	M	C	S	W	Q	S	H
(R)	S	R	O	S	I	V	D	A
I	R	N	A	M	E	S	T	R
G	Y	(A)	T	O	M	(I)	C	E
A	C	A	R	T	H	U	R	W
D		Q	E	L	R	T	W	
(R)		N	S	K	U	T	O	
N	R	E	V	O	G	I	N	D
O	N	U	F	O	T	H	M	E
(Y)	L	(S)	T	A	L	(I)	(N)	N
R	I	T	N	Q	O	Y	A	O
(E)	E	H	R	C	S	U	M	D
L	(N)	S	D	I	Y	U	N	
L	N	O	U	A	T	X	R	G
I	U	T	I	W	I	Y	T	I
T	W	S	R	Y	V	E	N	E
R	R	N	O	R	E	R	U	R
(A)	T	(E)	R	P	O	N	Y	O
I	S	T	A	N	C	E	O	F
(N)	(H)	T	R	O	N	A	M	I



## Part A

- C
- A
- B
- D
- A
- D
- B
- D
- A
- D



## Part B

- TRUE
- TRUE
- FALSE
- FALSE
- TRUE
- TRUE
- FALSE
- TRUE
- FALSE
- TRUE