

Teacher Guide

Our resource has been created for ease of use by both **TEACHERS** and **STUDENTS** alike.

Introduction

his resource provides ready-to-use information and activities for remedial students in grades five to eight. Written to grade and using simplified language and vocabulary, social studies concepts are presented in



a way that makes them more accessible to students and easier to understand. Comprised of reading passages, student activities and overhead transparencies, our resource can be used effectively for whole-class, small group and independent work.

How Is Our Resource Organ

STUDENT HANDOUTS

Reading passages and **accure** is (in the formed repreducible *worksheets*) make up the majority of our assource. The reading passages present a concentration and concepts related to the topic. Embedded in each passage are one or moleculations that ensure students understand what they have read.

For each reading passage there are **BEFORE YOU READ** activities and **AFTER YOU READ** activities.

- The BEFORE YOU READ activities prepare students for reading by setting a purpose for reading. They stimulate background knowledge and experience, and guide students to make connections between what they know and what they will learn. Important concepts and vocabulary are also presented.
- The AFTER YOU READ activities check students' comprehension of the concepts presented in the reading passage and extend their learning. Students are asked to give thoughtful consideration of the reading passage through creative and evaluative short-answer questions, research, and extension activities.

Writing Tasks are included to further develop students' thinking skills and understanding of the concepts. The **Assessment Rubric** (*page 4*) is a useful tool for evaluating students' responses to many of the activities in our resource. The **Comprehension Quiz** (*page 48*) can be used for either a follow-up review or assessment at the completion of the unit.

PICTURE CUES

This resource contains give much types of pages, each with a different purpose and the A **Picture Cue** at the top of each page shows, at a glasse, whereas page is for.



Information and tools for the teacher

Student Handout

Guid

• Reproducible worksheets and activities

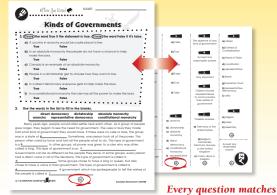


Easy Marking[™] Answer Key

• Answers for student activities

EASY MARKING[™] ANSWER KEY

Marking students' worksheets is fast and easy with this **Answer Key**. Answers are listed in columns – just line up the column with its corresponding worksheet, as shown, and see how every question matches up with its answer!



very question matches up with its answer! NAME:

The Canadian Constitution

Canada is a **democracy** and a **constitutional monarchy**. The **head of state** of Canada is the Monarch (king or queen) of Canada, who is also Monarch of Britain, Australia, and New Zealand. Although there is no single constitution in Canadian law, the **Constitution Act** – a part of the **Canada Act of 1982** – declares the Constitution of Canada to be the **supreme law** of Canada and includes some 30 acts and orders that are part of it.

The Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms is a very important part of the Canadian Constitution. It explains the rights of each Canadian citizen. These rights are:

- the freedom of choice of religion
- the freedom of speech, expression, and thought

Reading Passage

- the freedom to meet peacefully with other people
- the right to vote
- the right to be treated equally by the government equaless of age, sex, race, ethnic origin, or ments or physical disability.

Responsibilities of the Federal over

The Canadian Constitution explains which things are the jobs of the federal government and variation the jobs of the provincial governments. The federal government's jobs are:

- 1. National defense
- 2. Operating a post office system
- 3. Making criminal laws
- 4. Making immigration laws

- 5. Regulating foreign trade
- 6. Supervising Indian affairs
- 7. Supervising all national parks
- 8. Regulating employment

Parts of the Federal Government

The federal government of Canada is divided into the **executive**, **legislative**, and **judicial branches**. It is set up as a **democracy**, or a government in which the people choose who governs them. The belief that the people hold the highest power in a government is called **popular sovereignty**.

NAME:



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Word Search

Find all of the words in the Word Search. Words may be horizontal, vertical, or diagonal. A few may even be backwards! Look carefully!

freedom committee federation campaign anarchy cabinet legislature					candidate amendment parliament Ottawa bill leader monarch				debate rights Cartier government executive vote prime minister				power democracy election politics enforce constitution House of Commons				
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Canadian Parliament Senate Throne

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