






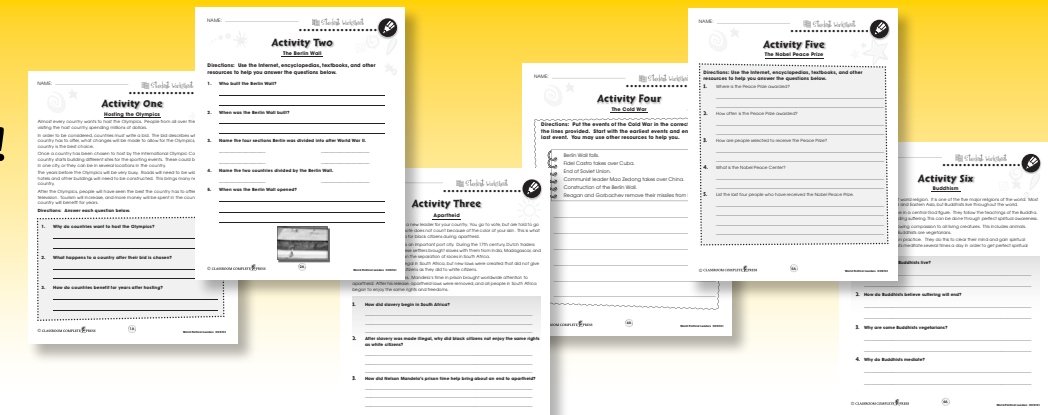
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	<b>STUDENT HANDOUTS</b>	
•	Reading Comprehension	
	1. George W. Bush (United States) .....	
	2. Ronald Reagan (United States) .....	
	3. Fidel Castro (Cuba) .....	
	4. Vicente Fox (Mexico) .....	
	5. Juan and Eva Peron (Argentina) .....	
	6. Margaret Thatcher (United Kingdom) .....	
	7. Mikhail Gorbachev (Soviet Union/Russia) .....	
	8. Nelson Mandela (South Africa) .....	7
	9. Indira Gandhi (India) .....	
	10. Yasser Arafat (Palestine) .....	
	11. Jiang Zemin (China) .....	
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NAME: \_\_\_\_\_



# Nelson Mandela

1. Match each of the words below with the correct meaning. You may use a dictionary to help you.

- |   |            |       |   |                                   |
|---|------------|-------|---|-----------------------------------|
| a | activist   | _____ | A | Found guilty                      |
| b | resistance | _____ | B | The act of betraying your country |
| c | treason    | _____ | C | A person who works for a cause    |
| d | convicted  | _____ | D | Something that spreads quickly    |
| e | epidemic   | _____ | E | Fighting against                  |

2. Nelson Mandela fought his country's government. He wanted to allow everyone the right to vote. List **two** reasons why it is important to vote.

- a) \_\_\_\_\_
- b) \_\_\_\_\_

3. Imagine that you were not allowed to vote in your country because of your **race**. Describe how that would make you feel. Give one reason to support your answer.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_



# Nelson Mandela

**N**elson Mandela was the 11th President of South Africa. He is most famous for being a political **activist**. He worked to end **apartheid**.



The South African government did not allow equal rights for all of their citizens. Mandela began fighting with the **resistance** against the racism he saw. He was arrested twice. He was first put in jail for **treason**. He was arrested for voicing his opinions. He was found not guilty.

**What was Mandela arrested for the first time?**

**STOP**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

He was arrested a second time. **This time, he was convicted** of organizing an armed attack against the government. He spent twenty-seven years in prison for standing up for what he believed.

His story was famous, and eventually people from around the world put pressure on South Africa. The people of the world wanted Mandela to be freed. The government had to give him his freedom.

After getting out of prison, Mandela made bringing peace to his country his main focus. He worked to give everyone the right to vote. His hard work paid off. He was the first President of South Africa to win an election open to all citizens.

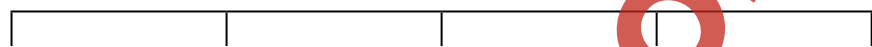
Mandela worked with many human rights groups after he left office. He also worked to fight the AIDS **epidemic** in Africa. He has received the Nobel Peace Prize for his efforts to help end apartheid in South Africa.

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_



# Nelson Mandela

1. Place the following events on the timeline below.



**Events:**

- a) The world pressures South Africa to free Mandela.
- b) Mandela works to stop the AIDS epidemic.
- c) Nelson Mandela is convicted and serves twenty-seven years.
- d) Mandela is found not guilty of treason.
- e) Mandela is elected the 11th President of South Africa.

2. Nelson Mandela once said, "Education is the most powerful weapon which you can use to change the world." Explain what this quote means in your own words.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

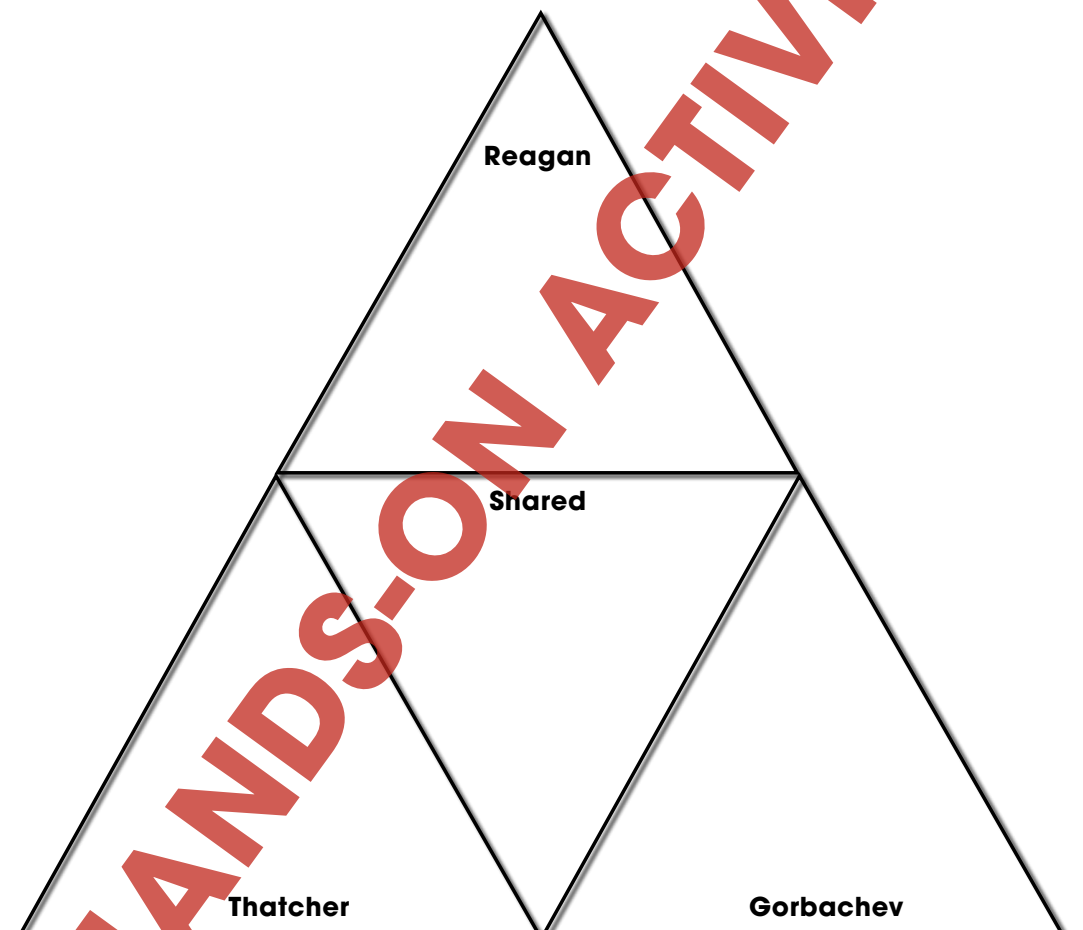
3. How would you **improve** race relations in South Africa? List **three** suggestions.

- a) \_\_\_\_\_
- b) \_\_\_\_\_
- c) \_\_\_\_\_



# Compare and Contrast Pyramid

Using the Pyramid below, describe how Reagan, Thatcher, and Gorbachev are similar to and different from each other.





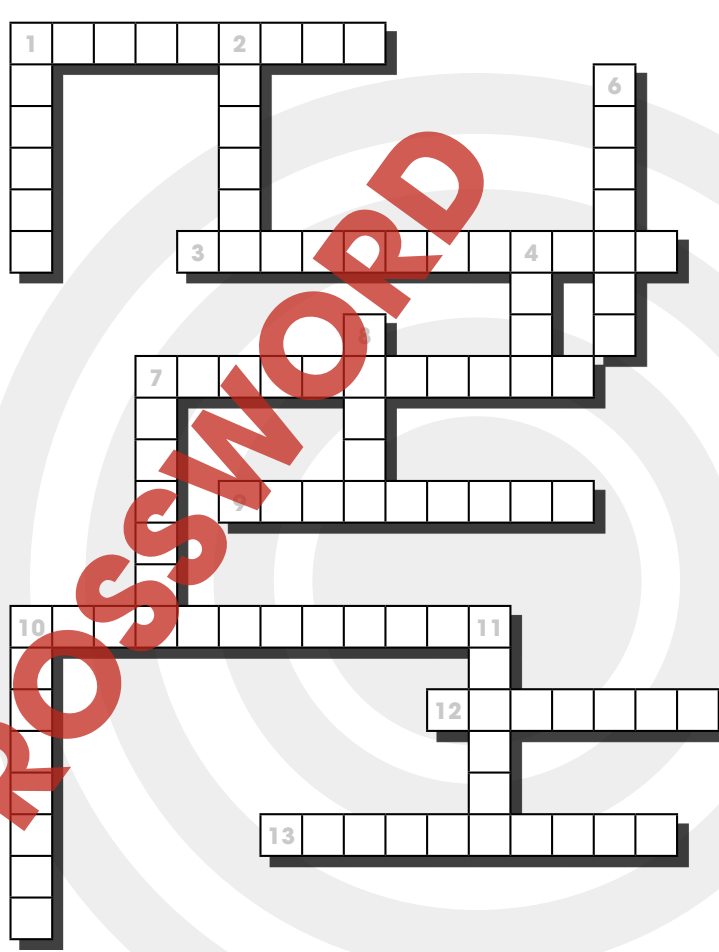
## Crossword Puzzle!

### Across

- The first President of the Soviet Union
- U.S. President who helped end Cold War
- U.S. President who declared a war on terrorism
- Argentinian leader who worked to help poor
- Spiritual leader of Tibet
- In prison for over 20 years for what he believed
- Made drug laws more strict in Mexico

### Down

- Worked to improve conditions in India
- Close ally with Russian leaders during Cold War
- Weapons
- To let go
- Made ready for
- Chinese leader who helped China become more involved in World Politics
- Known as "The Iron Lady" in the United Kingdom
- A former leader of the PLO who worked for peace in the Middle East



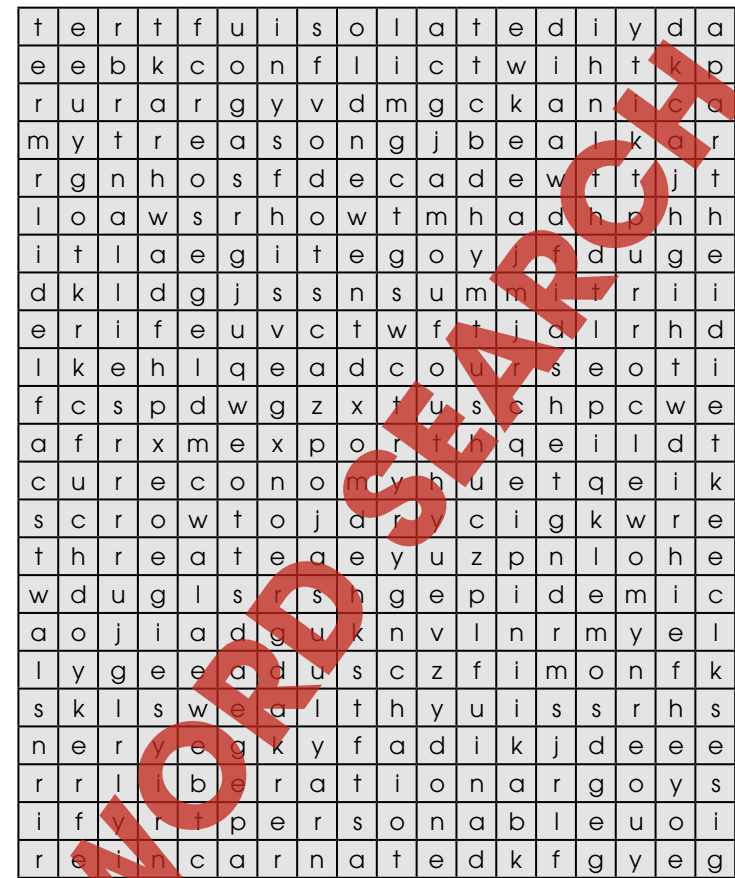
### Word List

Gorbachev	Castro	Vicente Fox
Zemin	Juan Peron	arms
George W. Bush	Gandhi	Ronald Reagan
groomed	The Dalai Lama	Thatcher
release	Arafat	Mandela



## Word Search

Find all of the words in the Word Search. Words are written horizontally, vertically, diagonally, and some are even written backwards.



- |           |          |              |            |
|-----------|----------|--------------|------------|
| terrorist | summit   | reincarnated | release    |
| term      | aid      | export       | threat     |
| hostage   | corrupt  | conflict     | economy    |
| treason   | epidemic | fled         | goods      |
| apartheid | linked   | allies       | wealthy    |
| isolated  | surplus  | highjack     | personable |
| citizens  | decade   | course       | liberation |



## Comprehension Quiz

### Part C

Answer the questions in complete sentences.

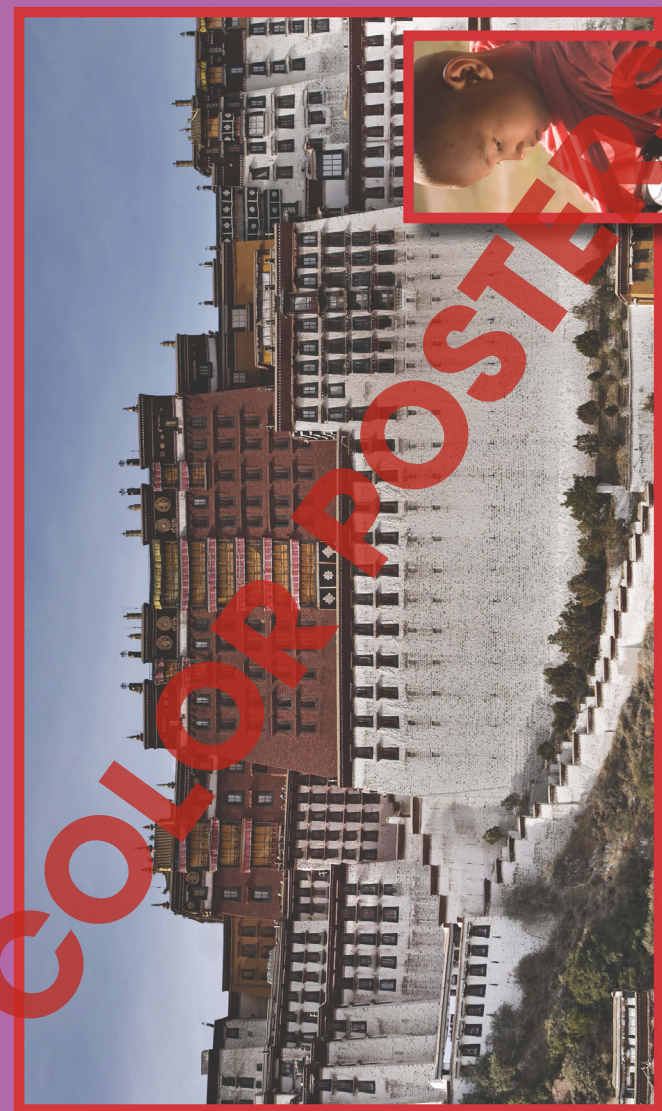
- Explain how **Reagan** helped end the Cold War. Give examples when answering. 3
- Explain how **Eva Peron** was different from other women leaders. Give examples when answering. 3
- Explain how **Zemin** helped China become more involved in world politics. Give examples when answering. 3
- Explain why people have different opinions on **Yasser Arafat**. Give examples when answering. 3
- Why did the **Dalai Lama** create the Five Point Peace Plan? Give two examples when answering. 3

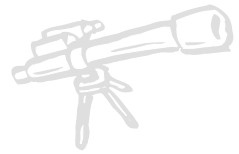
SUBTOTAL: /15



## Potala Palace

(In Lhasa, Tibet Chief residence of the Dalai Lama)





## Writing Tasks

1. Think about what you have learned about Ronald Reagan, Margaret Thatcher, and Mikhail Gorbachev. Use the Compare and Contrast Pyramid found on page 11. Describe how the leaders are different from each other in the outside triangles. Explain how they are similar in the inside pyramid. Use the graphic organizer in order to write a four paragraph essay.
2. Imagine what the world would be like if The Cold War did not end. Write a four paragraph description of how you think the world would be different.
3. Select one of the countries you have just studied. Write a one-page research paper about your country, including the capital, government, agriculture, industry, and history. You may use the Internet and library to help you.
4. Yasser Arafat worked to end fighting in the Middle East, but his plan did not work for long. Write a one-page peace plan for the Middle East. *Include any ideas you have for ending the violence and getting leaders together to talk.*
5. Use the Snapshots Organizer on page 12 to summarize the Perons' rise to power. Use supporting details from the reading passage to help you. Your summary should be one to two paragraphs.
6. Several of the leaders you have learned about made decisions that changed their country and the world. Select one leader you have studied. Evaluate their decisions and choices. Do you agree with their decisions? Would you have made the same choices?

All answers will vary

### Across:

1. Gorbachev
3. Ronald Reagan
7. George W. Bush
9. Juan Peron
10. The Dalai Lama
12. Mandela
13. Vicente Fox

### Down:

1. Gandhi
2. Castro
4. arms
6. release
7. groomed
8. Zemin
10. Thatcher
11. Arafat

10

13

# EASY MARKING ANSWER KEY