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## (8) STUDENT HANDOUTS

READING COMPREHENSION

- What is Gender? ..... 7
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- Enter item CC5810
- Enter pass code CC5810D



## What is Gender?

1. Finish each sentence with a word from the list.

| gender expression gender identity | androgynous spectrum |
| :---: | :---: |

a) Your $\qquad$ is your own sense of being aboy
or anything in
b) The clothes you wear, how you do your hair and ho
c) Gender isn't set in stone. A person's gend
$\qquad$ way and girls
d) Some people believe that boys shou should act in a $\qquad$ es ing way +
at is not masculine or feminine can be
e) People who ex described as
2. Draw a line between the adjective on the left and the gender that it is stereotypically associated with.

|  | Strong |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2 | Caring |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

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3. A boy gets bullied by his classmates because he prefers to have long hair and wear tight clothing. Does the way he chooses to express himself make him less of a boy? Why or why not?
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( 7
7 Gender CCP5810-1


A person's gender identity is not decided when they are born. A person might live their life as a boy and then realize they actually identify as a girl. Some people live their lives as a gender that they don'tidentify with. This might be because of pressures from people in their community. This can be very difficult for that person. They may not feel like they are being their true selves. Nobody can tell someone else what their gender identity is. It is a very personal feeling!

1. Nabila has lived, her life as a girl. For a long time, she didn't really think about her gender. But now thati shes in grade 6 , she's feeling a lot of pressure to fit into a certain gender 'category'. Sbe mostly identifies with being a girl, but there is a part of her that identifies with being aboy. On the diagram below, use an arrow to show where you think Nabila wowla place herself on the gender spectrum.

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NAME:

What is Gender?
4. How do you think stereotypes of a certain group can be harmful to members of that group?


## Graphic Organize:

6. Use the graphic organizer on page 12 to identify gender stereotypes.

Think of ways that people think boys and girls should be. These are stereotypes. Under the "boy" side, list qualities that people see as boyish or masculine. Under the "girl" side, list qualities that people think are girlish or feminine. Under the "androgynous/ gender-neutral" section, list qualities that are neither or both masculine and feminine Make sure you include both physical and emotional things. Write down as many examples as you can. Use the Internet to help you if you run out of ideas
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## Comparing 'Boy' vs. 'Girl' Magazines

Get into groups of 4 or 5 . Using magazines, cut out and glue pictures of advertisements for boys products on a piece of paper with the title "Boy Products". Do the same with advertisements for girls products on a piece of paper with the title "Girl Products".
When you have completed your collage, take a moment to look at each one. In your groups, talk about what you notice. One group member should write down key points.
As a class, share what you noticed!
Some points to discuss might be:

- Do you see boys in ads for girl's products or girls in ads for boy's products?
- Who looks more active or athletic in the adve tisements: boys or girls?
- Do you think these advertisements are true for what all boys and all girls want?
- Do you think the products being advertised are representative of what all girls or boys want?
- Want? your gender?
- Would any of you rather buy something that is advertised for the opposite gender?
- How do you think these stereotypes of what boys and girls want can be harmful to children who see the magazines?
Now, on your own, make your own magazine or advertisement that doesn't use stereotypes. It should show boys and girls using a variety of different things. Be as creative

(13)

Crossword Puzzle!


NAME:

## Comprehension Quiz

## Part A

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- Circle TRUE if the statement is TRUE or FALSE if it is FALSE.

1. A person can feel masculine in some ways and feminine in others

TRUE FALSE
2. The gender that you were assigned at birth is the same as your gender identity.

## TRUE FALSE

3. A person's sexual orient
4. There are more ways to identify than just boy and girl or man and woman. TRUE FALSE
5. The term Two-Spirit can be used by anyone to describe themselves.

TRUE FALSE

## Part B

2. Put a checkmark next to all the words that have to do with gender identity.

O A Cisgender
○ B Gay
Oc Transgender
O D Gender Non-Binary
O E Heterosexual


## What is Gender?

Gender refers to how people view what it means to be a boy or girl. The way people think of gender can depend on their own experiences. Many people think that 'boy' and 'girl' (or man and woman) are the only genders. However, there are other ways to identify other than boy and girl.

Gender identity is how we feel about our own gender. This is a personal feeling of being a boy or a girl or neither or both. Gender identity can be seen as a spectrum. Think of it with 'girl' on one side and 'boy' on the other side. A person might feel more like a boy or more like a girl. They may also feel that they aren't a boy or a girl. They might feel like they are somewhere in between being a boy and a girl.


A person's gender identity is not decided when they are born. A person might live their life as a boy and then realize they actually identify as a girl. Some people live their lives as a gender that they don't identify with. This might be because of pressures from people in their community. This can be very difficult for that person. They may not feel like they are being their true selves. Nobody can tell someone else what their gender identity is. It is a very personal feeling!

1. Nabila has lived her life as a girl. For a long time, she didn't really think about her gender. But now that she's in grade 6, she's feeling a lot of pressure to fit into a certain gender 'category'. She mostly identifies with being a girl, but there is a part of her that identifies with being a boy. On the diagram below, use an arrow to show where you think Nabila would place herself on the gender spectrum.


## Comparing 'Boy' vs. 'Girl' Magazines

Get into groups of 4 or 5 . Using magazines, cut out and glue pictures of advertisements for boys products on a piece of paper with the title "Boy Products". Do the same with advertisements for girls products on a piece of paper with the title "Girl Products".

When you have completed your collage, take a moment to look at each one. In your groups, talk about what you notice. One group member should write down key points.

As a class, share what you noticed!
Some points to discuss might be:

- Do you see boys in ads for girl's products or girls in ads for boy's products?
- Who looks more active or athletic in the advertisements: boys or girls?
- Do you think these advertisements are true for what all boys and all girls want?
- Do you think the products being advertised are representative of what all girls or boys want?
- Do these ads make you feel like you are supposed to buy certain things because of your gender?
- Would any of you rather buy something that is advertised for the opposite gender?
- How do you think these stereotypes of what boys and girls want can be harmful to children who see the magazines?

Now, on your own, make your own magazine or advertisement that doesn't use stereotypes. It should show boys and girls using a variety of different things. Be as creative as you can!


## Gender Spectrum




Genderqueer/ Non-Binary


Transgender

## ASSIGNED SEX

MALE INTERSEX FEMALE
anatomy, chromosomes, hormones

GENDER IDENTITY
MAN THIRD GENDER WOMAN
internal sense of self

## GENDER EXPRESSION

MASCULINE
ANDROGYNOUS
FEMININE
communication of gender

## 

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