



LANDMARKS OF CANADA

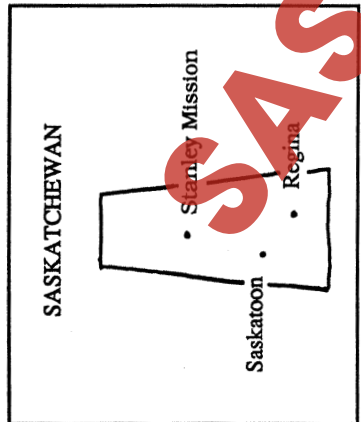
Format

The use of pamphlets in a study unit is unique. The following are reasons why the pamphlet is a good communication method:

1. Readability levels are generally lower.
2. Therefore, a larger number of readers is served by this medium.
3. Pamphlets are relatively inexpensive to produce.
4. Pamphlets are an effective way of advertising.
5. Pamphlets take up little space for display purposes.
6. It is easy and relatively inexpensive to produce large quantities of pamphlets.
7. Pamphlets are easy to carry, i.e. one can tuck them into a pocket to read at a later time.
8. Pamphlets take little time to read and employ skills such as skimming.
9. Pamphlets contain only essential information.
10. Therefore, pamphlets are an easy and quick way to get needed information.
11. Pamphlets are attractive.
12. Pamphlets suit our busy life-style, therefore meeting the needs of today's society.

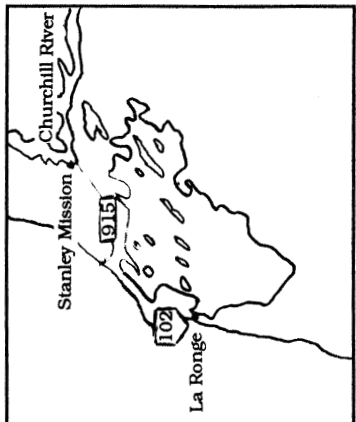
To Teachers

Pamphlet reading through a study of landmarks of Canada is a theme unit designed as an integrative curriculum to be used in the subject areas of social studies, environmental studies, language arts, art, and mathematics. Focus is on landmarks (both man-made and natural) found in Canada's provinces and territories. This kit contains two per province and territory and two for the nation's capital, Ottawa.



LOCATION

- 52 km north of La Ronge on Highway 102,
- then east on Highway 915
- on the north shore of the Churchill River.



How To Get There

The church can only be reached by boat. There is no bridge. Passenger service is available from the Churchill River Cafe.

Open January 1 to December 31.

No formal hours.

Building is unlocked most of the time.

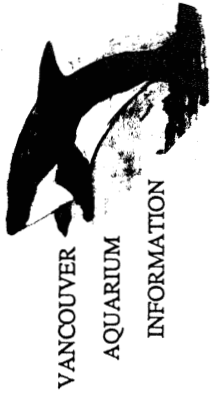
Admission: free

People who need boat service should call ahead.

787-9573



STANLEY MISSION, SASKATCHEWAN



7 galleries and exhibit areas

Open: 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. daily 1:15 for daily tour of displays

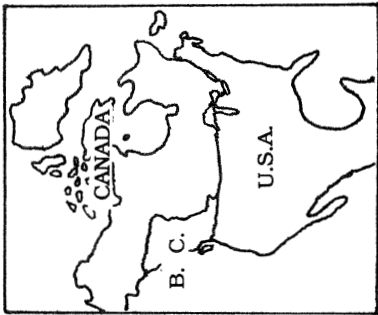
Show every half hour until 5:00 p.m. Until 4:30 p.m. October to March

Admission: Adults \$5.50 Youth/Senior \$4.25 Under 5 free

Snack bar and restaurant facilities in the park

Washrooms and most areas are accessible to wheelchairs

BRITISH COLUMBIA



20 DOLLARS FINE FOR DRIVING FASTER THAN A WALK OVER THIS BRIDGE

WELCOME

YOU ARE NOW ENTERING THE LONGEST COVERED BRIDGE IN THE WORLD

1282 FEET

Located near Woodstock, New Brunswick.



The picnic park overlooking the bridge is a good place to view and photograph it.

Visit any time during daylight hours

TURN LIGHTS ON BEFORE ENTERING BRIDGE

ALLUMEZ VOS PHARES AVANT D'ENTRER SUR LE PONT

The Harland Bridge crosses the St. John River in New Brunswick. It is 390.8 m long and was completed in 1899. Many people believe these bridges were covered to keep snow off the roadway. However, they were really roofed to protect the underpinnings. In olden days, when people travelled by sleds, pungs and cutters in the winter, people had to be hired to put snow on these bridges so these vehicles could cross them.

HOODOOS



See these strange products of erosion. The harder rock formations that are left look like tombstones.

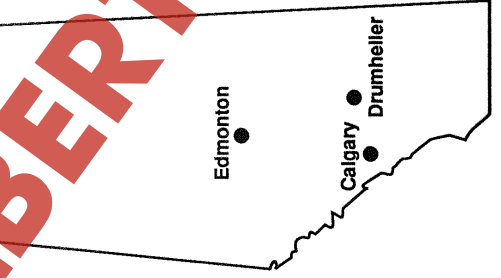
The Dinosaur Trail is 48 km long. It runs through the famous Badlands of the Red Deer River.

OTHER POINTS OF INTEREST

- Tyrell Museum of Palaeontology
- hands-on exhibits
- guided walks
- snack bar
- picnic area
- gift shop
- wheelchair accessible

Open daily mid-May to mid-October 9:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m.

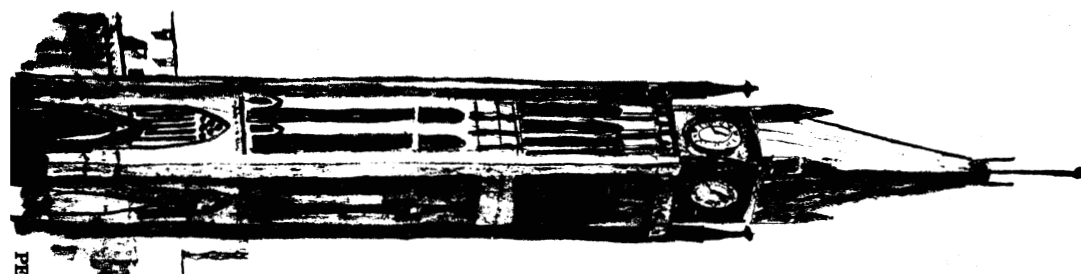
Rest of the year Tuesday to Sunday and holiday Mondays 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.



ALBERTA

Drumheller Alberta





PEACE TOWER

The Peace Tower was built in 1927. It is dedicated to the 66,000 Canadians who died in the First World War. The tower has a carillon with 53 bells.

The Visitor's gallery is open during the sessions of Parliament.

Tours daily year round.

Changing of the Guard July and August daily.



Ottawa

Where History is Made

SIGNAL HILL NATIONAL HISTORIC PARK

Open Year round

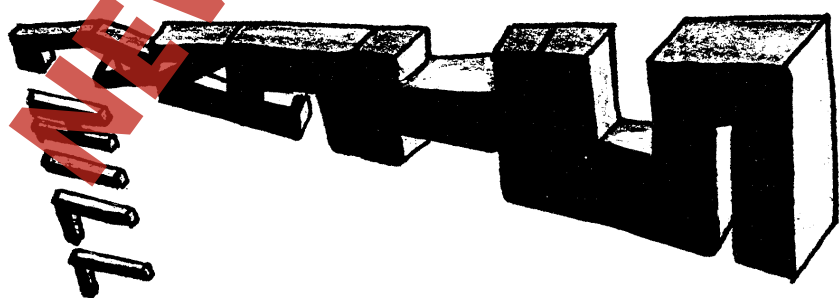
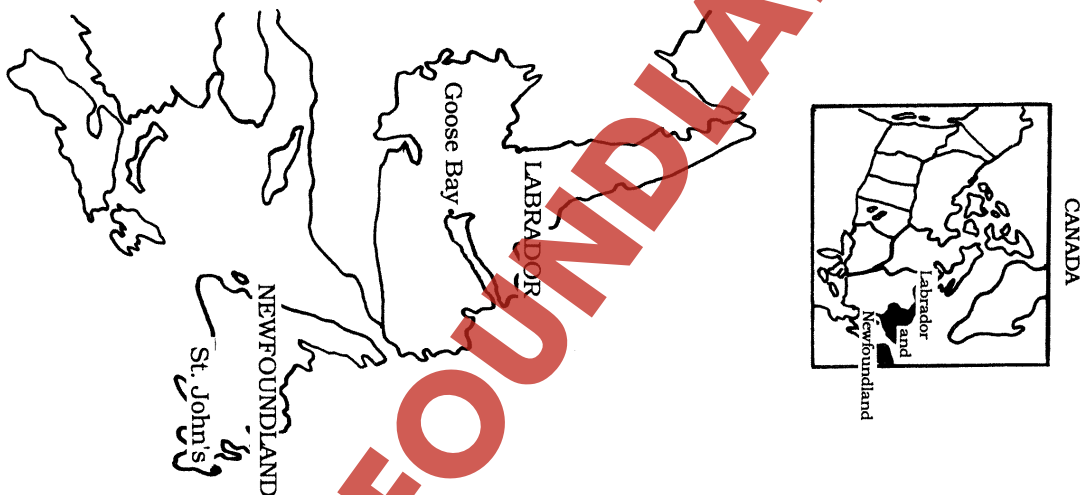
mid-June to Labour Day

9:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

rest of year

8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Admission: free



FORTRESS OF LOUISBOURG

Fortress Louisbourg was built by the French between 1720 and 1745. It served as the headquarters for a large fishing fleet and became an important trading centre. In 1745, after a 47-day siege, Louisbourg was captured by the English. It was returned to the French in 1748 and captured by the British again in 1758. In 1760, the fort was demolished. The fortress has been recently restored by archaeologists.

QUESTION GUIDE

The following are some suggested questions to ask when checking out the information on a pamphlet.

Use them as a guide when designing your own pamphlets.

WHAT?	What is it? What material was used to make it?
WHERE?	In what province or territory is it? In what city, or near what city is it? Show where it is on a map of Canada.
WHY?	Why is the landmark there? Why would someone want to visit it?
WHO?	Who built it? Who can use it? Whom does it represent?
HOW?	How does one get to it? How was it constructed? How many does it hold? How much does it cost to visit?
WHEN?	When was it built? When is it open (times, seasons)? When in history did the event it represents take place?