

An *idiom* is a group of words that when used together mean something different from what those same words mean when used on their own.



## **Extra**

Listen for idioms. You'll be surprised at how many you hear on a daily basis.

#### **Pre-Activity**

When you say it is "raining cats and dogs," you mean that it is raining heavily. Such expressions are called *idioms*.

#### **Activity**

**A.** Try to guess what each idiom means.

- 1. turn over a new leaf
- 2. take the bull by the horns
- 3. kill two birds with one stone
- 4. hit the nail on the head
- 5. nose to the grindstone
- 6. keep this under your hat
- **B.** Sometimes it is easier to match an answer than to think of one "from scratch." So now try to match each idiom to a meaning. Did you guess correctly above?

1. turn over a new leaf secretly

2. take the bull by the horns exactly

3. kill two birds with one stone tackle

4. hit the nail on the head change

5. nose to the grindstone simultaneously

6. keep this under your hat incessantly

**C.** What does "from scratch" mean?

## **Post-Activity**

Read each idiom to a friend or family member. Take turns using the idioms in sentences. You may want to write the funniest ones in your journal.

## **Pre-Activity**

Read this sentence.

Let me reassure you that we can reword, repeat, or refine this sentence.

Can you identify each word that includes a prefix?

#### **Activity**

Adding the letters *re* to the beginning of a word changes its meaning—that's what prefixes do. *Re* means again or new, as in *re*cycle. *Re* can also mean back, as in *re*act.

١.	Use the pref	ix <i>re</i> to make new	verbs in the list below.	
	write	trace	juvenate	
	place	stock	store	
	count	paid	fresh	
	work	cycle	generate	
	new	incarnate	invigorate	
	that describe cold water on	how you might fee a hot day.	rd column to write senter	of
	Example: $\mathcal{U}$	drink of u vy energy d	rater can <u>restor</u> <sup>lene</sup> l	<u>_</u>
	///	ig xicigg i		

## **Post-Activity**

Work with a partner and show him or her the list of verbs in the third column. See if your partner can guess one thing that can do what each word suggests. (Water is the answer.) Give your friend a hint or two if needed.



A *prefix* is a group of letters affixed to the front of a word, giving it a different meaning.







Pre-, anti-, micro-, sub-, super-, and non- are some common prefixes.

pre- means before anti- means against micro- means small sub- means below super- means greater non- means not

## Extra

Some words that look as though they involve a prefix don't. For example, press, pretty, preside, under, unit. Can you name some others or find some in a dictionary?

### **Pre-Activity**

Knowing the meaning of prefixes is a great and easy way to improve your vocabulary. For example, if you know the prefix un means not or opposite of, you just added dozens of words to your vocabulary. Can you think of at least two prefixes other than re and un?

Did you name any of the prefixes listed at the left?

#### **Activity**

A	• Write a word using ea	ach of these prefixes:	
1.	pre	4. sub	
2. anti		5. super	
3.	micro	6. non	
В		s below, adding the prefix <i>non</i> to each how the meaning of each is changed.	
1.	I like to read <u>fiction</u> boo	oks.	
2.	Their towels must be ve	ery <u>absorbent</u> .	
3.	. Toby has a <u>competitive</u> personality.		
4.	Caitlyn and her friend a	ure such <u>conformists</u> .	
5.	. The twins communicate <u>verbally</u> .		
6.	Is that a <u>dairy</u> creamer?		
7.	The joint political meeti	ng seemed very <u>partisan</u> .	

## **Post-Activity**

Choose one of the prefixes at the top of the page. Use the dictionary to see how many words begin with that prefix. List at least ten words in your journal.

#### **Pre-Activity**

If a prefix appears at the beginning of a word, where might a suffix be? Seven words in these sentences have suffixes. Can you identify them?



Listening to cheerful music gives me a feeling of renewal and relaxation.

I am better prepared to work vigorously.



**Activity** 

Α.	Here are some common	suffixes.	List a	word for	each.

1	ly	5	ing	9	less
2	ful	6	ion	10	ness
3	er	7	al	11	ship
4	ed	8	able	12	ment

**B.** Make new words by adding one of the suffixes listed above. There could likely be more than one correct answer for each one.

1. play <u>playful</u>	16. foolish
2. quick	17. partner
3. pitch	18. enjoy
4. walk	19. fresh
5. regard	20. conduct
6. perplex	21. embarrass
7. perish	22. fit
8. periodic	23. exhibit
9. pay	24. member
10. peace	25. renew
11. coast	26. nation
12. entertain	27. exceeding
13. sign	28. happen
14. match	29. relation
15. inject	30. magic



# **Grammar Connection**

You know that a prefix appears at the beginning of a word and changes that word's meaning.

A word can also be changed by adding a group of letters to its end. The group of letters is called a *suffix*.

For example, sing, singer music, musician violin, violinist