$\begin{array}{r}4 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r}4 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r}4 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline-\end{array}$

0

$\times 3$
$2 \times 0=$
$4 \times 1=$
$4 \times 7=$
$4 \times 5=$
$2 \times 8=$
$5 \times 7=$
$5 \times 8=$
$5 \times 6=$
$4 \times 9=$

## $2 \times 9=$

$2 \times 6=$
$4 \times 0=$

The answer you get when you multiply is called the product. The two numbers factors product factors product multiplied are called factors.

## $1 \times 0=$

$5 \times 0=$
$3 \times 0=$

When you multiply by 0 , the product is always $\qquad$ .
1x 1=
$2 \times 1=$
$5 \times 1=$ $\qquad$

When one of the factors is 1 , the $\qquad$ is always the same as the other factor.


If there are three numbers on top, you keep multiplying and regrouping.

$\begin{array}{r}422 \\ \times 78 \\ \hline\end{array}$


2-digit number x 3-digit number, regrouping

